

A1

$$(a) \frac{15}{17} + \frac{6}{17} - \frac{13}{17} = \frac{15+6-13}{17} = \frac{21-13}{17} = \underline{\underline{\frac{8}{17}}}$$

$$(b) \frac{35}{76} + \frac{65}{52} - \frac{77}{44} = \frac{5 \cdot 19}{2 \cdot 38} + \frac{5 \cdot 13}{2 \cdot 26} - \frac{7 \cdot 11}{4 \cdot 11}$$

$$= \frac{5 \cdot 19}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 19} + \frac{5 \cdot 13}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 13} - \frac{7 \cdot 11}{4 \cdot 11} = \frac{5}{4} + \frac{5}{4} - \frac{7}{4} \\ = \underline{\underline{\frac{3}{4}}}$$

$$(c) \frac{6}{3a} - \frac{15}{5a} + \frac{35}{7a} - \frac{14}{2a}$$

$$= \frac{2 \cdot 3}{a \cdot 3} - \frac{5 \cdot 3}{5 \cdot a} + \frac{5 \cdot 7}{7 \cdot a} - \frac{2 \cdot 7}{2 \cdot a} = \frac{2}{a} - \frac{3}{a} + \frac{5}{a} - \frac{7}{a} \\ = \frac{2-3+5-7}{a} = \underline{\underline{-\frac{3}{a}}}$$

$$(d) \frac{-3}{-2-a} + \frac{4}{a+2} - \frac{a-2}{a^2-4}$$

→ binom. Formel

$$a^2-4 = (a-2)(a+2)$$

$$= \frac{(-1) \cdot 3}{(-1) \cdot (2+a)} + \frac{4}{a+2} - \frac{a-2}{(a-2)(a+2)}$$

$$= \frac{3}{2+a} + \frac{4}{a+2} - \frac{1}{a+2} = \frac{3+4-1}{a+2} = \underline{\underline{\frac{6}{a+2}}}$$

$$\underline{A2} \quad (a) = \frac{1}{7} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{1 \cdot 5}{7 \cdot 5} + \frac{3 \cdot 7}{5 \cdot 7}$$

$$= \frac{5 + 21}{35} = \underline{\underline{\frac{26}{35}}}$$

$$(b) \quad \frac{2}{a} + \frac{3}{b} = \frac{2b}{a \cdot b} + \frac{3 \cdot a}{b \cdot a} = \underline{\underline{\frac{2b + 3a}{ab}}}$$

$$(c) \quad \frac{a}{a+b} - \underbrace{\frac{b}{b-a}}_{-\frac{b}{(-1)(a-b)}} + \frac{2ab}{a^2 - b^2} = (a-b)(a+b) \quad (\text{binom. Formel})$$

$$= \frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{b}{a-b} + \frac{2ab}{(a-b)(a+b)}$$

$$= \frac{a \cdot (a-b)}{(a+b) \cdot (a-b)} + \frac{b \cdot (a+b)}{(a-b) \cdot (a+b)} + \frac{2ab}{(a-b) \cdot (a+b)}$$

$$= \frac{a^2 - ab}{(a+b)(a-b)} + \frac{ba + b^2}{(a+b)(a-b)} + \frac{2ab}{(a-b)(a+b)}$$

$$= \frac{a^2 - ab + ab + b^2 + 2ab}{(a-b)(a+b)} = \frac{a^2 + 2ab + b^2}{(a-b)(a+b)}$$

$$\stackrel{=} \uparrow \quad \frac{(a+b)^2}{(a-b)(a+b)} = \frac{(a+b)(\cancel{a+b})}{(a-b)\cancel{(a+b)}}$$

binomische Formel

$$= \frac{(a+b)}{a-b}$$

Aufgabe 3

$$(a) \frac{a}{7} \cdot \frac{3}{a} \cdot \frac{\cancel{7}}{\cancel{3}} = \frac{\cancel{a} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{7}}{\cancel{7} \cdot \cancel{a} \cdot \cancel{3}} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

$$(b) \frac{-r^2 s}{p^2 v} \cdot \frac{-p^3 v^2}{r^4 (-s)} = \frac{(-1) \cdot r \cdot r \cdot s \cdot (-1) \cdot p \cdot p \cdot p \cdot v \cdot v}{p \cdot p \cdot v \cdot r \cdot r \cdot r \cdot r \cdot (-1) \cdot s}$$

$$= \frac{(-1) \cdot v \cdot p}{r^2} = -\frac{p \cdot v}{r^2}$$

Mit Potenzregeln:

$$\frac{-r^2 s}{p^2 v} \cdot \frac{-p^3 v^2}{r^4 (-s)}$$

$$= \frac{-r^{(2-4)} \cdot s^{1-1} \cdot p^{3-2} \cdot v^{2-1} \cdot (-1)}{1 \cdot (-1)}$$

$$= -\frac{r^{-2} \cdot s^0 \cdot p^1 \cdot v^1}{1} = -\frac{p \cdot v}{r^2}$$